

# Changing the Data Path in Nagios Log Server 2024R2

## Purpose

This document describes how to change the data store path from its default location in Nagios Log Server.

## Target Audience

This document is intended for use by Nagios Log Server Administrators who would like to change the default path where data is stored in on their Nagios Log Server instance.

## Background

Nagios Log Server allows administrators to set the data path they would like their data to be stored. The default location is `/usr/local/nagioslogserver/opensearch/data/`, however with proper planning this path can be changed.

This document assumes that for the data path you want to change or add, the new data path has already been added to this Nagios Log Server instance. This documentation does not provide steps on how to do this as it is outside the scope of this documentation.

## Editing Files

In steps of this documentation you will be required to edit files. This documentation will use the vi text editor.

When using the vi editor:

- To make changes press *i* on the keyboard first to enter insert mode
- Press **Esc** to exit insert mode
- When you have finished, save the changes in vi by typing **:wq** and press Enter

# Changing the Data Path in Nagios Log Server 2024R2

## Stop Opensearch

Before making changes, the opensearch service must be stopped on this instance. Establish a terminal session to your Nagios Log Server instance and execute the following command:

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```
systemctl stop opensearch.service
```

You will continue to use this terminal session in the following steps.

## Configure New Path Permissions

Before changing the Nagios Log Server configuration please follow these steps to ensure the ownership and permissions are correctly configured. This example uses `/new/path/data` as the new location:

```
mkdir -p /new/path/data
chown -R nagios:nagios /new/path/data
chmod -R 0775 /new/path/data
```

## Changing Path

Now you need to change the configuration to point Nagios Log Server to the new data path. Open the file `/usr/local/nagioslogserver/opensearch/config/opensearch.yml` in vi by executing the following command:

```
vi /usr/local/nagioslogserver/opensearch/config/opensearch.yml
```

Locate the directive `path.data`

```
#path.data: /path/to/data
```

# Changing the Data Path in Nagios Log Server 2024R2

Uncomment and modify it to the new path you would like to use:

```
path.data: /new/path/data
```

Save the file and exit vi.

## Move Existing Data

You need to move the data from the old path to the new path, this command is an example:

```
mv /usr/local/nagioslogserver/opensearch/data/* /new/path/data/
```

The time it takes to move your existing data will vary depending on how much data there is and the speed of the source and destination paths.

## Start Opensearch

After making changes, the `opensearch` service needs to be started by executing the following command:

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```
systemctl start opensearch.service
```

You should now log into Nagios Log Server to ensure everything is correctly functioning.

## Considerations

While Nagios Log Server may be functional using network paths, for peak performance we highly recommend local disks.

# Changing the Data Path in Nagios Log Server 2024R2

## Finishing Up

This completes the documentation on Changing the Data Path in Nagios Log Server 2024R2. If you have additional questions or other support-related questions, please visit us at our Nagios Support Forum, Nagios Knowledge Base, or Nagios Library:

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