

## **Purpose**

This document describes how to configure your VMware ESXi server to send syslog messages to Nagios Log Server.

# **Target Audience**

This document is intended for use by VMware Administrators who would like to send their ESXi syslog messages to Nagios Log Server for storage and analysis.

# **Overview**

These steps will walk you through:

- Create input for desired port to Nagios Log Server
  - <u>UDP 514</u>
  - <u>TCP 1514</u>
- Configure Firewall Rules on Nagios Log Server
- Configure ESXi to send syslogs to Nagios Log Server

# UDP 514 vs TCP 1514

ESXi can send syslogs on two ports/protocols:

- UDP 514
- TCP 1514
- It has been observed by customers that the UDP 514 port is a better method to use. It was found that ESXi servers can stop sending logs using TCP 1514 when Nagios Log Server configuration is applied and does not automatically start sending them again.
- To use UDP 514 you will need to configure your Nagios Log Server to Listen On Privileged Ports

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# **Create Input UDP 514**

As previously stated, to use UDP 514 you will need to configure your Nagios Log Server to Listen On

Privileged Ports.

If you already have an Input for UDP 514 then you will need skip this and read the Advanced Config section.

Login to Nagios Log Server and navigate to **Configure > Global (All Instances) > Global Config.** 

<u>N</u> agios <sup>,</sup> LS	Home	Dashboards	Alerting	Configure	Help	Admin	Search logs 📀	a nagiosadmin   එ Logout
Configure	Clab							
<ul> <li>Apply Configuration</li> <li>Config Snapshots</li> <li>Add Log Source</li> </ul>	Manage lo through th	astash config option ne filters when crea	ns that will be ting global filt	e added to all ins ers. View Logsta	stances. N ash config	lote that all applied language documer	global filters will happen before the local filters. Keep in mind lation ${\mathbb Z}$	the flow of the log data
Global (All Instances)	Save	🖾 Save & Apply	🕑 Verify	View 👻				Show Outputs
Global Config	Inputs	;				+ Add Input ▼	Filters	+ Add Filter +
<ul> <li>Per Instance (Advanced)</li> </ul>								
• • nls-c6x- x64.box293.local	Ac	tive Syslog (Def	ault) 🥒			+ 街 🖮	Active Apache (Default)	+ 街 🖮
	Ac	tive Windows Ev	vent Log (Del	fault) 🥒		+ 4 🖻		
	Ac	tive Import Files	s - Raw (Defa	ault) 🖍		+ 42 🖻		
	Ac	tive Import Files	s - JSON (Def	ault) 🖉		+ 4 🖻		

Click the **+ Add Input** button and select **Custom**.

Inputs	+ Add Input +
inputs	Custom
Active Syslog (Default)	<b>+</b> 42 m

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A new block will appear at the bottom of the list of Inputs.

Type a unique **name** for the input which will be **Syslog** (ESXi).

In the text area field enter the following code (you can copy and paste):

```
syslog {
   type => 'syslog-esxi'
   port => 514
}
```

Active	Syslog (ESXi)	- 42 前
syslog		
type	=> 'syslog-esxi'	
port	: => 514	
}		

Click the **Save & Apply** button to create this input and apply the configuration.

You also need to create a firewall rule to allow the incoming UDP traffic. Establish a terminal session to your Nagios Log Server and execute the following commands (depending on your operating system version):

## RHEL | CentOS | CentOS Stream | Oracle Linux

```
firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=514/udp
firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=514/udp --permanent
```

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### Debian:

The local firewall is not enabled on Debian by default and no steps are required here. **IF** it is enabled then the commands are:

iptables -I INPUT -p udp --destination-port 514 -j ACCEPT

## Ubuntu:

The local firewall is not enabled on Ubuntu by default and no steps are required here. **IF** it is enabled then the commands are:

```
sudo ufw allow 514/udp
sudo ufw reload
```

You can now proceed to the Configure ESXi section.

## **Create Input TCP 1514**

If you already have an Input for TCP 1514 then you will need skip this and read the <u>Advanced Config</u> section. Login to Nagios Log Server and navigate to **Configure > Global (All Instances) > Global Config**.



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Click the + Add Input button and select Custom.

A new block will appear at the bottom of the list of Inputs.

Type a unique **name** for the input which will be **Syslog** (**ESXi**). In the text area field enter the following code (you can copy and paste):

```
syslog {
   type => 'syslog-esxi'
   port => 1514
}
```

Active	Syslog (ESXi)	<b>-</b> 42 🖻
syslog	{	
typ	e => 'syslog-esxi'	
por	t => 1514	
}		
		1

Click the Save & Apply button to create this input and

apply the configuration.

You also need to create a firewall rule to allow the incoming TCP traffic. Establish a terminal session to your Nagios Log Server and execute the following commands (depending on your operating system version):

## RHEL | CentOS | CentOS Stream | Oracle Linux

```
firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=1514/tcp
firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=1514/tcp --permanent
```

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Inputs	+ Add Input -
inputs	🙆 Custom
Active Syslog (Default)	+ 4 🛍

### Debian:

The local firewall is not enabled on Debian by default and no steps are required here. **IF** it is enabled then the commands are:

iptables -I INPUT -p udp --destination-port 1514 -j ACCEPT

## Ubuntu:

The local firewall is not enabled on Ubuntu by default and no steps are required here. **IF** it is enabled then the commands are:

```
sudo ufw allow 1514/udp
sudo ufw reload
```

You can now proceed to the Configure ESXi section.

# **Configure ESXi**

Open the vSphere Client to the ESXi server (can be done through vCenter).

Select the ESXi host in the inventory pane.

Click the **Configuration** tab on the right.

Under Software click Advanced Settings.



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1024

/scratch/log

udp://10.25.5.99:514

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**Nagios Log Server** Sending ESXi Logs To Nagios Log Server

Expand Syslog and click global.

For UDP 514 change Syslog.global.logHost to:

udp://xxx.xxx.xxx:514

For TCP 1514 change **Syslog.global.logHost** to:

tcp://xxx .xxx.xxx:1514

Where xxx.xxx.xxx is the IP Address of your Nagios Log Server.

Click OK.

Under Software click Security Profile.

For Firewall click Properties.

UMFS3 ⊕ VMkernel VSAN	v		ОК	Cancel
Hardware	Security Profile			
Processors	Services		Refresh	Properties
Memory	SNMP Server			
Storage	PC/SC Smart Card Daemon			
Networking	Load-Based Teaming Daemon			
Storage Adapters	X.Org Server			
Network Adapters	VMware vCenter Agent			
Advanced Settings	NTP Daemon			
Power Management	Active Directory Service			
rower Handgement	VProbe Daemon			
Software	Syston Server			
Licensed Features	Direct Console UI			
Time Configuration	CIM Server			$\frown$
DNS and Routing	Firewall		Refresh	Properties
Authentication Services	Incoming Connections			
Power Management	CIM Secure Server	5989 (TCP)	All	
Vistual Manhagement	Fault Tolerance	8100,8200,8300 (TCP,UDP)	All	
virtual Machine Startup/Shutdown	vSphere Web Access	80 (TCP)	All	
Virtual Machine Swapfile Location	vSphere Web Client	902,443 (TCP)	All	
Security Profile	vsanvp	8080 (TCP)	All	
Host Cache Configuration	DHCPy6	546 (TCP LIDP)	All	
System Resource Reservation	CIM SLP	427 (IDP TCP)	All	
Agent VM Settings	Virtual SAN Clustering Service	12345.23451.12321 (UDP)	All	
Advanced Settings	NFC	902 (TCP)	All	

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Advanced Settings

Syslog.global.defaultRotate

Syslog.global.defaultSize

Syslog.global.logDir

Syslog.global.logDirUnique

Syslog.global.logHost

Min: 0

Min: 0

Default number of rotated logs to keep. Reset to default on zero.

Max: 100

Default size of logs before rotation, in KiB. Reset to default on zero.

Place logs in a unique subdirectory of logdir, based on hostname.

Max: 10240

Datastore path of directory to output logs to. Reset to default on null. Example: [datastoreName]/logdir

The remote host to output logs to. Reset to default on null. Multiple hosts are supported and must be s

FSS

FT HBR

Irq ISCSI

LPage

Migrate

Mem

Misc

Net

NFS NFS41

Nmp Numa

Power RdmFilter

Security SunRPC

SvMotion Syslog

global

+- logger User

UserVars VBLOB VELASH

Virsto VMFS

ScratchConfig Scsi

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Nagios Log Server	Sending ESXi Logs To Nagios Log Server
	Firewall Properties
	Remote Access By default, remote dients are prevented from acc accessing services on remote hosts. Select a check box to provide access to a service of

Find **syslog** and **Tick** the box.

Click OK.

This completes the steps required on the ESXi server.

	Label	Incoming Ports	Outgoing Ports	Protocols	Daemon	~
٦	DVFilter	2222		TCP	N/A	
ī	vprobeServer	57007		TCP	Stopped	
7	HBR		31031,44046	TCP	N/A	
1	Virtual SAN Transport	2233	2233	TCP	N/A	
7	Fault Tolerance	8100,8200,8300	80,8100,8200,8300	TCP,UDP	N/A	
7	syslog		514,1514	UDP,TCP	N/A	1
7	VMware vCenterAgent		902	UDP	Running	
5	IKED	500	500	UDP	N/A	
	vs anhealth-multicasttest	5001	5001	UDP	N/A	
ī.	VM serial port connected over net	23,1024-65535	0-65535	TCP	N/A	~
Ge	neral					
Se Pa	ackage Information:					
Se Pa	ackage Information:					
Se Pa Fire	ewall Settings lowed IP Addresses: All					

## **Check Nagios Log Server**

To confirm that Nagios Log Server is receiving data from the ESXi server navigate to the **Dashboards** page.

Perform a Query on the host field using the IP Address of your ESXi host:

host:<ESXi Host Address>

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•	host:10.25.6.146	Q	+	

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You should see results appear in the ALL EVENTS panel.

ALL EVENTS Fields Ø All (30) / Current (20)				<b>0</b> to <b>50</b> of 250 available for paging	≟ Export as CSV	• + :	¢
Type to filter	@timestamp >	< host >	< type >	< message		Actions	
✓ ▼ @timestamp	2017-12-05T13:27:13.150+11:00	<mark>10.25.6.145</mark>	syslog-esxi	<163>NoneZ host601.box293.local Hostd: [LikewiseG QueryInformation(): ERROR_FILE_NOT_FOUND (2/0):	GetDomainJoinInfo:355]	Q -	
<pre>\[ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \</pre>	2017-12-05T13:26:47.179+11:00	10.25.6.145	syslog-esxi	<166>NoneZ host601.box293.local Hostd: 2017-12- hostd[FFAB6B70] [Originator@6876 sub=Libs] SOCKE No such file or directory	05T02:25:49.111Z info T connect failed, error 2:	Q -	
<ul> <li>□ ▼ facility</li> <li>□ ▼ facility_label</li> <li>□ ▼ highlight</li> <li>□ ▼ host</li> </ul>	2017-12-05T13:26:47.179+11:00	10.25.6.145	syslog-esxi	<166>NoneZ host601.box293.local Hostd: 2017-12- hostd[FFAB6B70] [Originator@6876 sub=Libs] SOCKE connecting to /var/run/vmware/usbarbitrator-socket	05T02:25:49.111Z info T creating new socket,	۹ -	

If you are seeing these results then everything should be working correctly.

# **Advanced Configuration**

If you already have an existing SYSLOG input for UDP 514 or TCP 1514 then you will also need to define a filter that defines the type as syslog-esxi for the received ESXi logs. The reason behind this is because the ESXi syslog date format may be slightly different to that of other syslog data received. This causes problems with the indices created every day by Elasticsearch, ultimately resulting in Elasticsearch dropping the log data and not storing it in the database.

The filter you are going to create requires that the addresses of all ESXi hosts sending syslogs to Nagios Log Server be defined as part of the filter. This example will use the addresses 10.25.6.145 and 10.25.6.146.

In Nagios Log Server and navigate to **Configure > Global (All Instances) > Global Config.** 

Click the + Add Filter button and select Custom.

Filters	+ Add Filter -
	ම් Custom
Active Apache (Default)	<b>+</b> 🖓 🖮

A new block will appear at the bottom of the list of filters.

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Type a unique **name** for the filter which will be **ESXi**.

In the text area field enter the following code (you can copy and paste):

Active	ESXi	<b>-</b> 42 @
if [hos mut	t] == '10.25.6.145' or [host] == '10.25.6.146' { ate { replace => { 'type' => 'syslog-esxi' }	
}		

```
if [host] == '10.25.6.145' or [host] == '10.25.6.146' {
    mutate {
        replace => { 'type' => 'syslog-esxi' }
    }
}
```

For every ESXi host you will be receiving logs from you will need to add an additional or [host] == 'xxx.xxx.xxx' condition.

Click the **Save & Apply** button to create this filter and apply the configuration. Once the configuration has been applied you should proceed to the <u>Configure ESXi</u> section.

# **Finishing Up**

This completes the documentation on how sending ESXi logs to Nagios Log Server.

If you have additional questions or other support related questions, please visit us at our Nagios Support Forums:

## https://support.nagios.com/forum

The Nagios Support Knowledgebase is also a great support resource:

https://support.nagios.com/kb

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