### Purpose

This document describes how to integrate Nagios XI with Active Directory (AD) or Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) to allow user authentication and validation with an AD or LDAP infrastructure through the Nagios XI interface. This is helpful for system administrators by simplifying user management of large infrastructures and standardizing credentials needed for XI by allowing users to authenticate with their AD or LDAP credentials.

Note: If you are Authenticating & Importing Users With AD or LDAP in Nagios XI 2024, see <u>How To</u> <u>Authenticate & Import Users With AD Or LDAP In Nagios XI 2024</u>

### **Prerequisites**

- You will need the following prerequisites to follow the documentation:
- Nagios XI 5 or higher
- Nagios XI 2014 supports AD integration, however, it is configured differently using the **Active Directory component**, which is not covered in this guide.
- A separate Microsoft Windows-based AD infrastructure that is accessible to the Nagios XI machine or a separate LDAP infrastructure (like OpenLDAP) that is accessible to the Nagios XI machine

### **Nagios XI Server DNS Resolution**

It is assumed that the DNS settings for your Nagios XI server use DNS servers that are:

Domain Controllers (DC) in your AD domain or capable of resolving the DNS entries used to contact your LDAP server(s)

If you are having issues, you can edit the resolv.conf file to use a DNS server within the AD infrastructure as the primary name server.

• Edit the resolv.conf file in a text editor:

vi /etc/resolv.conf

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• Before all other lines starting with nameserver, enter the following:

```
nameserver [IP address of DNS server]
```

Caching options in PHP may prevent changes to the resolv.conf from taking effect and require restarting the Apache service. If you do edit the file, you will need to restart the Apache web server:

#### **RHEL/CentOS:**

systemctl restart httpd.service

#### Debian | Ubuntu:

systemctl restart apache2.service

Be aware that the /etc/resolv.conf file can be automatically overwritten by the networking stack in RHEL / CentOS. Please consult the RHEL / CentOS documentation for more information on correctly configuring the DNS servers for Linux.

### **Configuring The Authentication Servers**

First you must define the Authentication Server(s) that Nagios XI will use. Navigate to Admin > Users and click LDAP/AD Integration.



To add an Authentication Server, click the **Add Authentication Server** button. There are different options for <u>Active Directory</u> and <u>LDAP</u>.

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Authentication Server Settings
Enable this authentication server
Connection Method
Active Directory ~
Use either LDAP or Active Directory settings to connect
Base DN *
DC=box293,DC=local
The LDAP-format starting object (distinguished name) that your users are defined below, such as <b>DC=nagios,DC=com</b> .
Account Suffix *
@box293.local
The part of the full user identification after the username, such as @nagios.com.
Domain Controllers *
dc01.box293.local,dc02.box293.local
A comma-separated list of domain controllers on your network.
Security
None ~
The type of security (if any) to use for the connection to the server(s). The STARTTLS option may use a plain text connection if the server does not upgrade the connection to TLS.
Save Server Cancel

#### **Active Directory**

You will need to provide the following details:

Enable this authentication server: Checked

#### Connection Method: Active Directory

Base DN:

An LDAP formatted string where the users are located.

Example: DC=BOX293, DC=local

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Account Suffix:

An @your-domain.suffix (the part of the full user identification after the username). Example @B0X293.local

**Domain Controllers:** 

A comma separated list of DC servers that Nagios XI can use to authenticate against. This can be a combination of IP addresses, short names, and fully qualified domain names.

**Note:** When using SSL or TLS for security, it is important that these entries match the Common Name (CN) in the SSL/TLS certificate that these DCs will present to the Nagios XI server. Example: dc01.box293.local, dc02.box293.local

Security:

Select the security method (or not) to use. This guide will choose None.

If you are in a domain forest that has been raised to a functional level of 2012, then TLS is needed along with additional steps in the following guide: <u>Using SSL with XI Active Directory</u> <u>Component</u>.

If SSL or TLS is required, then please refer to the same guide.

Once completed click the **Save Server** button. You can now proceed to the <u>Importing Users</u> section.

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#### LDAP

You will need to provide the following details:

Enable this authentication server: Checked

Connection Method: LDAP

#### Base DN:

An LDAP formatted string where the users are located.

Example: dc=box293, dc=local

LDAP Host:

The LDAP server that Nagios XI can use to authenticate against. This can be an IP address, short name or fully qualified domain name.

**Note:** When using SSL or TLS for security, it is important that this entry matches the Common

Name (CN) in the SSL/TLS certificate that this LDAP server will present to the Nagios XI server. Example: ldap01.box293.local

#### LDAP Port:

The TCP network port used to communicate with the LDAP server. Example: 389

Security:

Select the security method (or not) to use. This guide will choose **None**.

If SSL or TLS is required then please refer to the <u>Using SSL with XI Active Directory</u> <u>Component</u> documentation.





Authentication Server Settings	
Enable this authentication server	
Connection Method	
LDAP ~	
Use either LDAP or Active Directory settings to connect	
Base DN *	
DC=box293,DC=local	
The LDAP-format starting object (distinguished name) that your users are def	ined below, such as <b>DC=nagios,DC=com</b> .
LDAP Host *	
ldap01.box293.local	
The IP address or hostname of your LDAP server.	
LDAP Port *	
389	
The port your LDAP server is running on. (Default is 389)	
Security	
None ~	
The type of security (if any) to use for the connection to the server(s). The ST/ the server does not upgrade the connection to TLS.	ARTTLS option may use a plain text connection if
Save Server Cancel	

Once completed, click the Save Server button. You can now proceed to the Importing Users section.

### **Importing Users**

The next step is to import users from Active Directory or LDAP. Once the user has been imported, Nagios XI will query the DCs or LDAP server each time the user logs in to validate credentials. The following steps are the same for Active Directory or LDAP.

Navigate to Admin > Users > Manage Users and click Add Users from LDAP/AD.





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N	Admin	• System Status	
	System Information System Status Monitoring Engine Status Audit Log		Manage Users  Add New User  Add users from LDAP/AD  Control 1 Intel records
\$ ₽ 3	Check For Updates Users Manage Users		Username ↓       Name ↓       Email ↓       Phone Num         Imagios Administrator       jsimon@nagios.com       -
• • •	LDAP/AD Integration Notification Management External Sign-On (SSO) User Sessions		Page 1 / 1

Select the **authentication server**(s) you previously defined and provide credentials to connect to the server(s).

The account credentials you provide here are only used to authenticate against AD / LDAP to retrieve the directory contents. They are not saved locally on the Nagios XI server.

Click Next.

Once you've successfully authenticated, you'll be presented with

the node of your directory tree (relative to the Base DN that was defined).

### LDAP / Active Directory Import Users

Log into your LDAP / Active Directory administrator or privileged account to be able to import users.

administrator	
•••••	0
Active Directory - dc01.box293.local,dc02.box293.local	~
Next >	
Manage Authentication Servers	

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In the screenshot to the right, you can see the Users node has been selected.

The user **Guest** has been selected to import and you can see it summarizes this at the top of the screen.

When you've chosen all the users to import, click the **Add Selected Users** button at the bottom of the page.

On the next screen you are presented with a list of the users you are going to import and the summary of how they are going to be imported (see screenshot below).

### LDAP / Active Directory Import Users

Select the users you would like to give access to Nagios XI via LDAP/AD authentication. You will be able to set user-specific p

#### Select Users to Import from LDAP/AD



### LDAP / Active Directory Import Users

Set ti selec	ne preferences and security settings f ting the action from the dropdown. order to finish importing you <b>must selec</b> ers with checkboxes and use the dropdo	or all users that will be imported. You t the preferences and security settings wn to set the preferences and security se	can also edit multiple user's prete s for all users. For quicker creation, se ettings for multiple users at once.	elect	itings at once by chec
	Username	Display Name	Email	Preferences	Security Settings
	Guest	unknown		O Edit	O Edit
Edd	it multiple 🗸				
0					
Ca	ncet import >				

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Every user can have the following Preferences and Security Settings defined:

Authorization Level: ⑦	User	
Can see all nosts and services: ⑦ Can control hosts and services: ⑦ Can configure hosts and services: ⑦		
Can access advanced features: ()		
Read-only access: ⑦		
API access: ⑦ Core Config Manager access: ⑦	None	~
Save Cancel		
	Authorization Level:       (?)         Can see all hosts and services:       (?)         Can control hosts and services:       (?)         Can configure hosts and services:       (?)         Can access advanced features:       (?)         Can access monitoring engine:       (?)         Read-only access:       (?)         Core Config Manager access:       (?)         Save       Cancel	Authorization Level: (?)       User         Can see all hosts and services: (?)       Can control hosts and services: (?)         Can configure hosts and services: (?)       Can access advanced features: (?)         Can access monitoring engine: (?)       Read-only access: (?)         API access: (?)       Core Config Manager access: (?)         Save       Cancel

Every user will need their preferences and security settings defined. When importing multiple users, you can define the same settings for a selection of users following these steps:

- 1. In the left column, check the **boxes for each user** you want to define the same settings for.
- 2. At the bottom of the user list there is a drop-down list called Edit multiple ...
- 3. Click the list and select Preferences or Security Settings
- 4. You will be presented with the appropriate popup window
- 5. Define the required options and then click Save when done

At the top of the Preferences screen, the first option is **Create as Monitoring Contact**. It is strongly recommended that you check this box as the monitoring contact is required for users to receive notifications. For more information about contacts please refer to this documentation link <u>Nagios XI</u> <u>Users and Contacts</u>.

ALL users being imported will require the **Preferences and Security Setting**s to have a tick appear in the respective columns. Once all the required options have been defined the Import button will be able to be clicked.

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LD	LDAP / Active Directory Import Users				
Set the preferences and security settings for all users that will be imported. You can also edit multiple user's preferences/security settings at once by check selecting the action from the dropdown.					
	Username	Display Name	Email	Preferences	Security Settings
	Guest	Guest	guest@sample.com	Edit	Edit
Edit	t multiple v				
Can	cel Import >				

Click Import to continue.

The user accounts will now be imported into Nagios XI. When finished you will be informed that it was successful.

This completes importing users into Nagios XI from Active Directory or LDAP.

Successfully added 1 users	
LDAP / Active Directory Impo	rt Users
Log into your LDAP / Active Directory administrator or privileged account to b	be able to import users.
	]
Password	
Active Directory - dc01.box293.local,dc02.box293.local	
Next >	J
Manage Authentication Servers	



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### Linking Existing Nagios XI Users to Active Directory Users

If you already have Nagios XI users that have been created, you can easily link these local accounts to Active Directory accounts.

#### Navigate to Admin > Users > Manage Users.

Click the **Edit** icon for the user you want to update, the settings are under the **Authentications Setting** section, at the bottom of the **Edit User** page:

Auth Type: Active Directory

AD Server: Select the authentication server(s) you previously defined

#### AD Username:

Type the username for this user as it is configured in Active Directory Example: jane.doe

Allow local login if auth server login fails:

By checking this box, you will allow the user to use the local password created for this user (if the password is not blank) when the authentication server cannot be connected to, times out, or the password provided is incorrect. This allows a secondary means of authentication in case the authentication server is unreachable.

Click the **Update User** button to save the changes.

Here is a screenshot of the user settings described above:

Once these changes have been made, the existing Nagios XI user will be able to login using their Active Directory credentials.

Authentication Settings ⑦	
Auth Type	
Active Directory ~	
AD Server	
dc01.box293.local,dc02.box293.local	•
AD Username	
jane.doe	
Allow local login if auth server login fails ۞ Add User Cancel	

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### Linking Existing Nagios XI Users to LDAP Users

If you already have Nagios XI users that have been created, you can easily link these local accounts to LDAP accounts.

#### Navigate to Admin > Users > Manage Users.

Click the **Edit** icon for the user you want to update, the settings are under the **Authentications Setting** section:

Auth Type: LDAP

LDAP Server: Select the authentication server you previously defined

Users Full DN:

Type the full distinguished name (DN) for this user as it is defined in LDAP

Example: uid=bobsmith, ou=People, dc=box293, dc=local

Allow local login if auth server login fails:

By checking this box, you will allow the user to use the local password created for this user (if the password is not blank) when the authentication server cannot be connected to, times out, or the password provided is incorrect. This allows a secondary means of authentication in case the authentication server is unreachable.

Click the **Update User** button to save the changes.

Here is a screenshot of the user settings described above:

Once these changes have been made, the existing Nagios XI user will be able to login using their LDAP credentials.

Authentication Settings $?$	
Auth Type	
LDAP	~
LDAP Server	
@BOX293.local	~
User's Full DN	
uid=bobsmith,ou=People,dc=box293,dc=local	
Allow local login if auth server login fails (2)	

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### **LDAP Account Requirements**

The following details demonstrate the required object classes and attributes that need to exist for an LDAP user. If these attributes do not exist it is likely that they will not appear in the list of users when performing an import from your LDAP server.

```
dn: uid=bobsmith,ou=People,dc=box293,dc=local givenName: Bob
sn: Smith
cn: Bob Smith
uidNumber: 10004
gidNumber: 10004
mail: bobsmith@box293.local
homeDirectory: /home/bobsmith
objectClass: top
objectClass: posixAccount
objectClass: inetOrgPerson
```

### **Finishing Up**

This completes the documentation on how to integrate Nagios XI with Active Directory or LDAP to allow user authentication and validation with the Nagios XI interface. If you have additional questions or other support-related questions, please visit us at our Nagios Support Forum, Nagios Knowledge Base, or Nagios Library:

Visit Nagios Support Forum

Visit Nagios Knowledge Base

Visit Nagios Library

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