Performance Tuning in Nagios Fusion 2024

Summary

Nagios Fusion functions as a high-level dashboard for multiple instances of Nagios XI and Nagios Core. In larger deployments of Nagios XI and Nagios Core you may be required to tune certain performance settings to improve response times and overall load on the Fusion server. There are performance settings in Nagios Fusion that can can be changed globally or per Fused server.

Global Settings

The settings that apply globally can be adjusted by navigating to Admin > System Configuration > System Settings > Data & Polling.

System Settings	
General	
Default Interval Settings	
Global Authentication Interval:	300 Seconds
	Define the frequency at which the fused servers are checked for authentication.
Global Polling Interval:	300 Seconds
	Define the frequency at which the fused servers are polled for data. $oldsymbol{\widehat{o}}$

Default Interval Settings

- Global Authentication Interval
 - Define the frequency (seconds) at which the fused servers are checked for authentication

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- Authentication is a single check against the server to ensure both connectivity (information used for polling) and that the specified credentials are still correct
- · You want to keep this value relatively low
- You can override this setting on a per-server basis (Per Fused Server Settings)
- Global Polling Interval
 - Define the frequency (seconds) at which the fused servers are polled for data
 - · Larger systems may be able to benefit from a larger number here
 - You can override this setting on a per-server basis (Per Fused Server Settings)

Polling Configuration	
Polling Subsystem Memory Limit:	The maximum amount of memory that a poller may consume while running.
Simultaneous Pollers:	1 Pollers The maximum number of pollers that Fusion can spawn to grab data.
Live Data Timeout:	45 Seconds The length of time that Fusion waits for a chunk of data from a fused server before timing out.
Polling Lock Max Age:	1200 Seconds The maximum amount of time that a poller can take while grabbing data from a fused server.
Poll Record Count:	1000 Records The number of records to grab in a single API call to a fused server.

Polling Configuration

- Polling Subsystem Memory Limit
 - The maximum amount of memory that a poller may consume while running.
 - This is same value that would be accepted by php.memory_limit
 - Acceptable values can be:

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- 128M = 128 Megabytes
- 1G = 1 Gigabyte
- -1 = unlimited memory
- If you're connecting to large systems, you may want to keep this value high
- Simultaneous Pollers
 - The maximum number of pollers that Fusion can spawn to grab data
 - 1 poller should be sufficient
 - If you're connecting to at least one large system, you'll want to increase this value so that the polling subsystem doesn't get choked waiting on a large batch of API calls
 - A decent formula in that case would be at least one poller for every fused server
- Live Data Timeout
 - The length of time (seconds) that Fusion waits for a chunk of data from a fused server before timing out
 - This is the timeout value for each individual API call made to a fused server
 - This can be kept relatively low unless you are connected to a large Nagios Core install
- Polling Lock Max Age
 - The maximum amount of time (seconds) that a poller can take while grabbing data from a fused server
 - If something goes wrong with a poller, and it isn't able to remove the lock on the fused server it's grabbing data from, then this is the amount of time that the subsystem will wait before it spawns a new poller
- Poll Record Count

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- The number of records to grab in a single API call to a fused server
- When fusion polls the data, it calls the API and grabs only a handful of records at a time
- This is the value you set to determine the amount of records it grabs
- If you don't have any fused servers that are large systems, then you can keep this number very high

Database Retention Settings						
Log Data Retention:	5	Days				
	The maximum amount of time to retain log data in the database.					

Database Retention Settings

- Log Data Retention
 - The maximum amount of time (days) to retain log data in the database
 - If you have debug data being written to the database, you'll want to keep this value as low as 1 or 2 days while that's enabled
 - Having the log data in the database allows for a nice interface where you can view recent logs, but this is not meant as a replacement for the log file

Per Fused Server Settings

Navigate to Admin > Servers > Managed Fused Servers. The settings that can be adjusted per Fused server can be defined when adding a new Fused server or by editing an existing Fused server.

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Polling Settings			
Authentication Interval:	300	Seconds	
	Define the f	requency at which this server is checked for authentication. 🔞	
Polling Interval:	300	Seconds	
	Define the frequency at which this server is polled for data. ?		
	🗌 Ignore XI host/service meta data 🚱		
	Enabling	this option is not recommended unless you have an extremely large system.	

Polling Settings

- Authentication Interval
 - Define the frequency at which this server is checked for authentication
 - Authentication is a single check against the server to ensure both connectivity (information used for polling) and that the specified credentials are still correct
 - You want to keep this value relatively low
- Polling Interval
 - Define the frequency at which this server is polled for data
 - Larger Nagios XI and Core systems will benefit from a larger number here, due to the fact that it takes longer to poll and process the data for these large systems.
- Ignore XI host/service meta data
 - Only used if you have an extremely large system
 - This only applies to XI servers that you're fusing to. Meta data refers to the following data:
 - Hosts and Services that are disabled
 - · Host and Service acknowledgment information

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- · Hosts and Services that are flapping
- · Hosts and Services that are in downtime
- For a large system, this can allow you to set a much lower value for the polling_interval, as poll speed is reduced by up to 70%
- This is not recommended for an XI system with less than 20,000 Host and Service checks

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