How To Monitor MSSQL Servers With Nagios XI 2024 And 2026

Purpose

This document describes how to monitor MSSQL Server metrics using the MSSQL Server wizard in Nagios XI. If your objective is to monitor metrics like buffer hits, connections, deadlocks, latch waits, and lazy writes, you are in the right place.

Important Note: this wizard is one of Nagios XI's Premium features, so requires active support and maintenance benefits to function. For questions about renewing your benefits if they have lapsed, please email sales@nagios.com so we can assist you further.
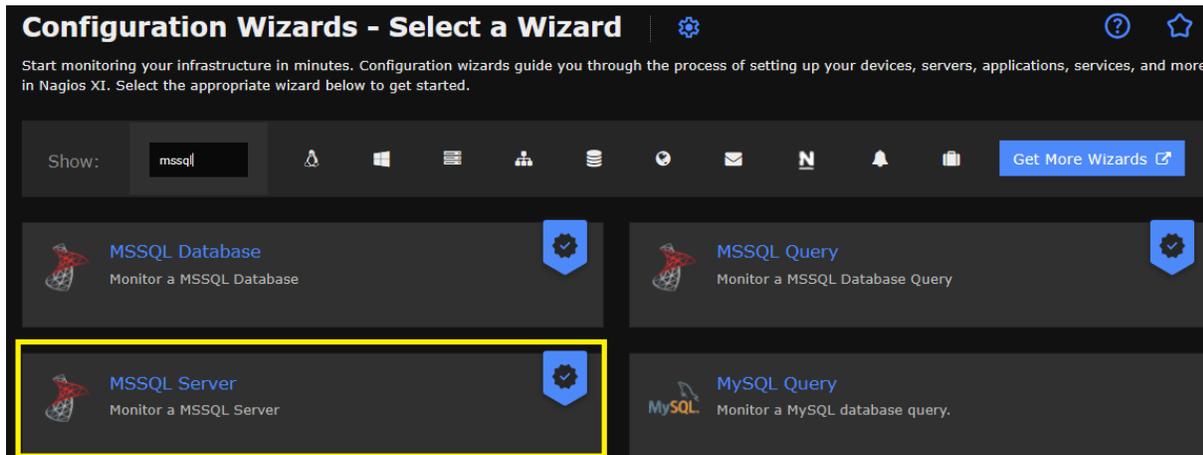
Setting Up Your SQL Server

Before running the wizard, follow the steps in the following guide to configure your MSSQL server to allow Nagios XI to monitor it:

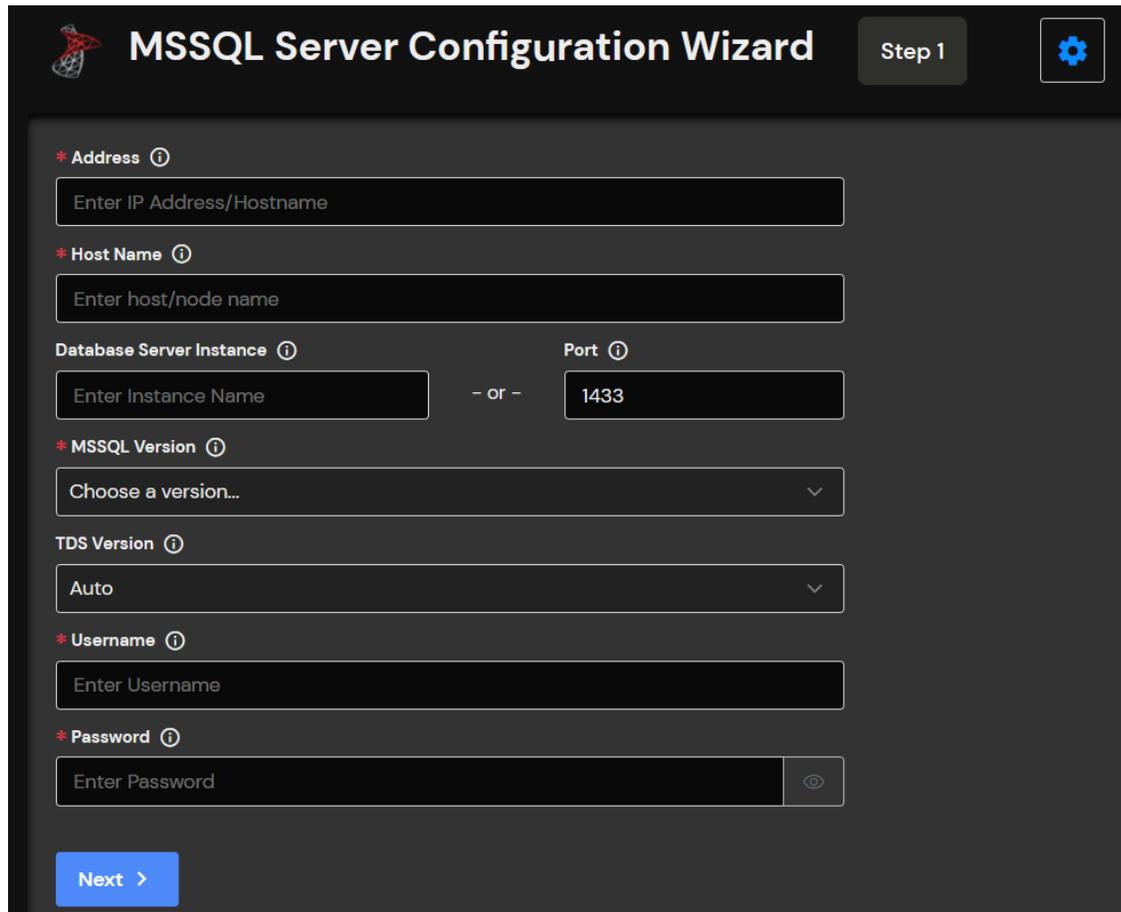How to Monitor Microsoft SQL in Nagios XI 2024 and 2026

Using the MSSQL Server Wizard

1. Navigate to the **Configure > Configuration Wizards** menu and search for 'MSSQL', then click the **MSSQL Server** wizard.

2. In **Step 1** of the wizard, you will enter all of the necessary connection and authentication details Nagios XI will use to monitor your DB server:

3. In **Step 2**, you will select the metrics you wish to monitor, and their corresponding alert thresholds:

4. Finally, complete **Steps 3-5** of the Wizard, then click Finish to apply the configuration and begin monitoring your MSSQL Database.

For more information about Configuration Wizard settings and usage, please refer to:

Understanding and Using Config Wizards in Nagios XI

Nagios®

Finishing Up

This completes the documentation on How to Monitor MSSQL Server with Nagios XI 2024 and 2026. If you have additional questions or other support-related questions, please visit us at our Nagios Support Forum, Nagios Knowledge Base, or Nagios Library:

Visit Nagios Support Forum   Visit Nagios Knowledge Base   Visit Nagios Library