

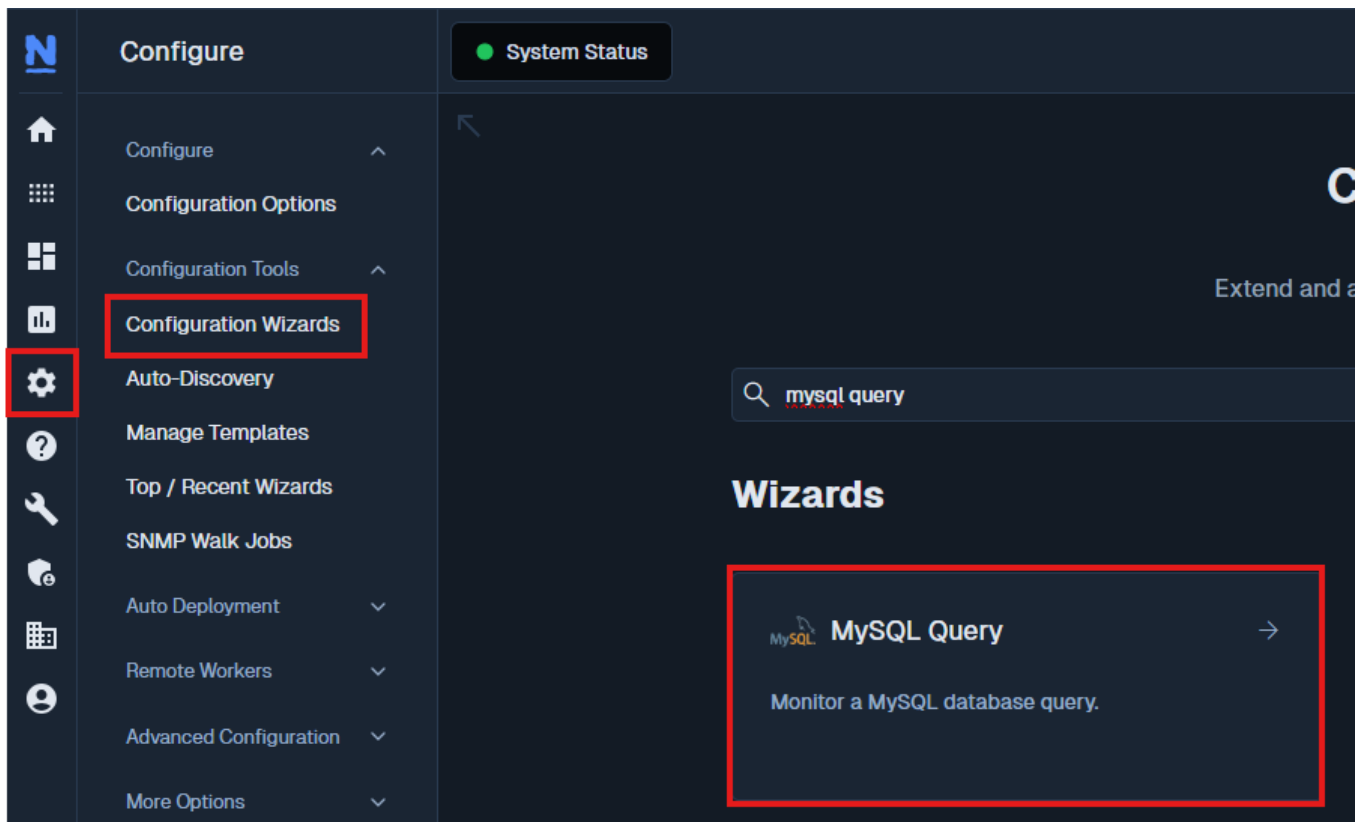
Using the MySQL Query Wizard in Nagios XI 2024 And 2026

Purpose

This document describes how to use the MySQL Query wizard in Nagios XI to monitor the output of custom MySQL DB queries.

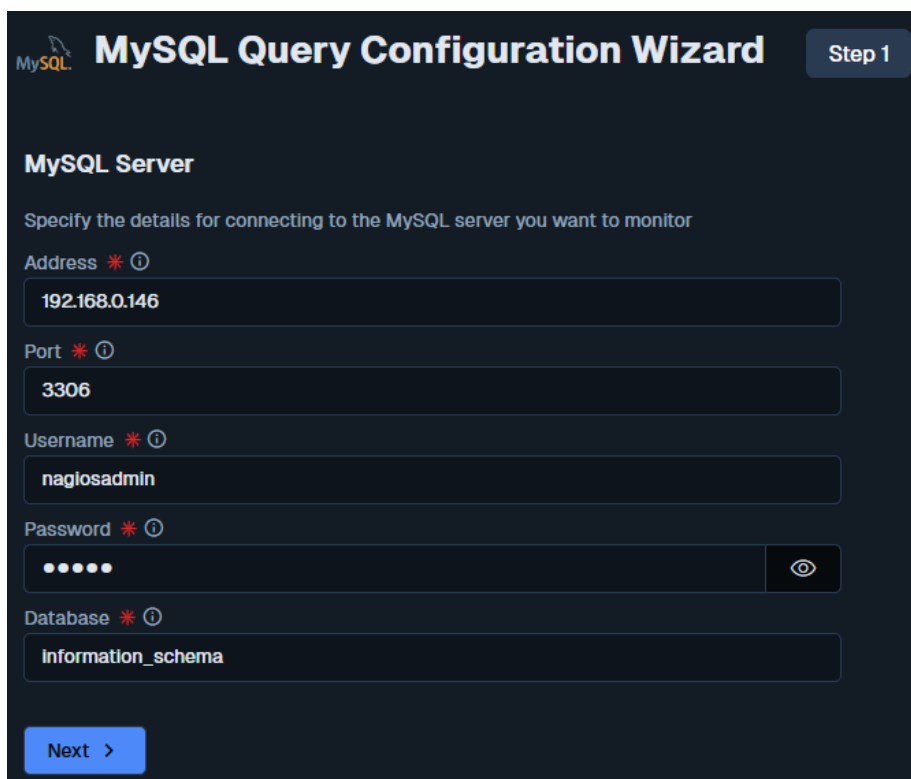
Using the MySQL Query Wizard

1. To begin using the MySQL Query wizard navigate to **Configure > Configuration Wizards**, search for 'digital', and click the **MySQL Query Wizard**.



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2. In **Step 1** of the wizard, you will enter all of the data Nagios XI will need to connect to your MySQL DB and execute queries.
- **Address:** Enter the IP address or FQDN of the MySQL server.
 - **Port:** Default is 3306.
 - **Username / Password:** Credentials of the database user.
 - **Database:** The name of the database to execute the query on.



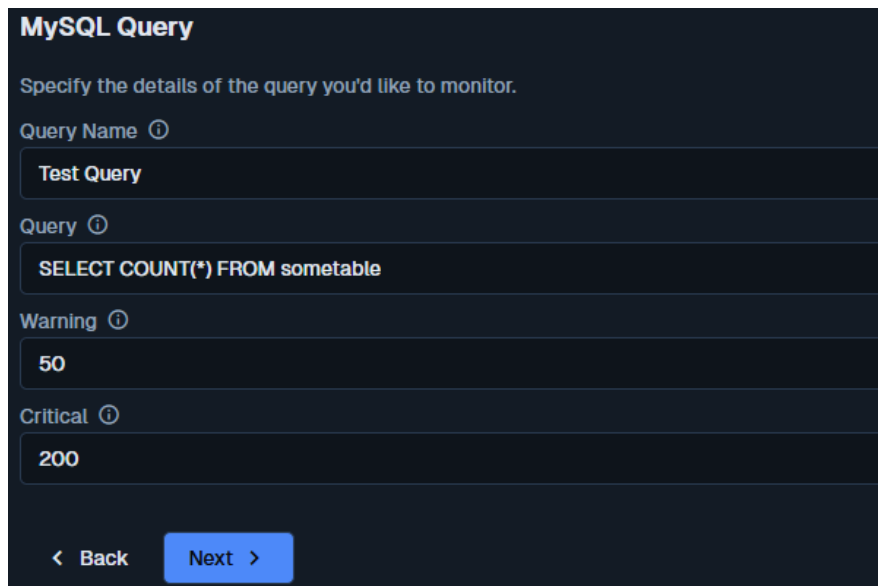
The screenshot shows the 'MySQL Query Configuration Wizard' interface, specifically 'Step 1'. The title 'MySQL Query Configuration Wizard' is at the top, with a 'MySQL' logo to the left and a 'Step 1' button to the right. Below the title, the section is labeled 'MySQL Server'. A subtitle reads: 'Specify the details for connecting to the MySQL server you want to monitor'. The form contains five fields: 'Address' with the value '192.168.0.146', 'Port' with the value '3306', 'Username' with the value 'nagiosadmin', 'Password' with masked characters '•••••' and a toggle icon, and 'Database' with the value 'information_schema'. Each field has a red asterisk and an information icon to its left. At the bottom left, there is a blue 'Next >' button.

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3. In **Step 2** of the wizard, you will configure your custom query and thresholds.

- Enter a valid **Host Name**, a friendly name for your Host object. Note that if you use an existing hostname exactly here, it will employ the additive property of wizards and add your new query service under the umbrella of an existing host.
- **Query Name**: Friendly label for the service check.
- **Query**: SQL statement to execute
- Set your **Warning** and **Critical** thresholds

Click **Next** once you have selected all the required options.



The screenshot shows the 'MySQL Query' configuration step of the Nagios XI wizard. It features a dark-themed interface with the following elements:

- MySQL Query**: The title of the step.
- Specify the details of the query you'd like to monitor.**: A descriptive instruction.
- Query Name**: A text input field containing 'Test Query'.
- Query**: A text input field containing the SQL statement 'SELECT COUNT(*) FROM sometable'.
- Warning**: A text input field containing the value '50'.
- Critical**: A text input field containing the value '200'.
- Navigation**: At the bottom, there is a '< Back' button and a blue 'Next >' button.

4. Complete the wizard by choosing the required options in **Step 3 – Step 5**.

To finish up, click on **Finish** in the final step of the wizard. This will create the new host and services and begin monitoring.

Once the wizard applies the configuration, click the **View status details** for link to see the new service that was created.

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More Information:

You can learn more about all of the wizard steps and settings here:

[Understanding and Using Config Wizards in Nagios XI](#)

Finishing Up

This completes the documentation on how to use the MySQL Query wizard in Nagios XI. If you have additional questions or other support-related questions, please visit us at our Nagios Support Forum, Nagios Knowledge Base, or Nagios Library:

[Visit Nagios Support Forum](#)

[Visit Nagios Knowledge Base](#)

[Visit Nagios Library](#)