

# How To Implement Nagios XI User Macros

## Purpose

This document describes how to How To Implement Nagios XI User Macros.

## Understanding User Macros in Nagios XI

Please refer to the following documentation for more detailed information:

[Understanding the User Macros Component](#)

## Defining A User Macro

User macros can be defined in `resource.cfg`, a configuration file that can be found at `/usr/local/nagios/etc/`. By default, your `resource.cfg` should contain:

```
# Path to the plugins
$USER1$=/usr/local/nagios/libexec

# Path to event handlers
#$USER2$=/usr/local/nagios/libexec/eventhandlers

# Port for NSClient++
$USER7$=12489
# Password for NSClient++
$USER8$=secret

$USER3$=example!Token
```

```
# Path to the plugins
$USER1$=/usr/local/nagios/libexec
# Path to event handlers
#$USER2$=/usr/local/nagios/libexec/eventhandlers
# Port for NSClient++
$USER7$=12489
# Password for NSClient++
$USER8$=secret
```

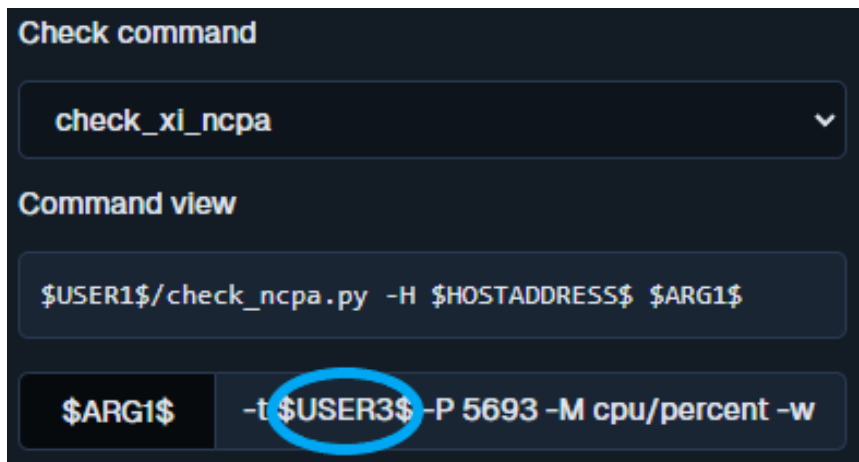
To define a user macro, add the following to the bottom of the file:

```
$USERn$= <Sensitive-Information>
```

# How To Implement Nagios XI User Macros

n is a number that has not been used to define a user macro yet and `<Sensitive-Information>` is any information you plan to store in the user macro. On the previous screenshot you can see that `$USER3$` has been added.

In the example above you can see how a user macro is used for the NCPA token defined in a service. This can help prevent other admins from seeing the token defined in the service. It also has the benefit of defining it in a central location, which makes changing it later an easy process.



## Finishing Up

This completes the documentation on How To Implement Nagios XI User Macros. If you have additional questions or other support-related questions, please visit us at our Nagios Support Forum, Nagios Knowledge Base, or Nagios Library:

[Visit Nagios Support Forum](#)

[Visit Nagios Knowledge Base](#)

[Visit Nagios Library](#)