Purpose

This document explains how to create Passive Objects in Nagios XI to use with Nagios Log Server. These objects facilitate logging Unconfigured Objects from Nagios XI into Nagios Log Server.

Background

Passive monitoring is when your Nagios XI server receives check results from devices. This differs from Active monitoring where the Nagios XI server itself is responsible for scheduling the checks of devices.

When Nagios XI receives passive check results from devices that it does not know about, these end up in the Unconfigured Objects section of Nagios XI (and recorded in the nagios.log file). These will not be visible in the host and service status pages until they have been turned into monitoring objects, this is a manual step that needs to be performed by a Nagios Administrator.

Using Nagios Log Server, you can observe the nagios.log file for the specific passive events that are recorded. When those events are received by Nagios Log Server, an Output can be used to execute a command that will create the passive objects in Nagios XI.

Creating the passive objects in Nagios XI is performed by using the REST API in Nagios XI. A custom script is used that simplifies the creation of the object using the API.

Requirements

This documentation has the following requirements:

- Nagios XI Server
 - Nagios XI 5.x or higher
 - $\circ~$ An administrative user account that has API access enabled
 - Receives passive check results
 - o Configured to send nagios.log to your Nagios Log Serve
- Nagios Log Server Instance
 - Nagios Log Server version 2024R1.3.1 or higher
 - Requires that Nagios Log Server is configured with the Nagios Core Filter (explained below)





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Configure Nagios Log Server To Receive Nagios XI Logs

You will need to first create a filter in Nagios Log Server to turn the received nagios.log log data into fields that are stored in the Elasticsearch database. The following documentation includes detailed steps on how to create the filter:

Sending Nagios Core Logs to Nagios Log Server

That documentation also contains the required steps to configure your Nagios XI server to send it's nagios.log log file to your Nagios Log Server instance.

You will need to have configured these two steps before proceeding.

Confirm Logs Are Received

Before proceeding any further a test will be performed to ensure that the correct events are being received by Nagios Log Server for passive checks submitted to Nagios XI. The following commands are to be executed on your **Nagios XI** host in a terminal session, they simulate a passive host and service check:

```
now_epoch=$(eval date +%s); printf "[$now_epoch]PROCESS_HOST_CHECK_RESULT;Test
Host;0;Host output\n" > /usr/local/nagios/var/rw/nagios.cmd
```

now_epoch=\$(eval date +%s); printf"[\$now_epoch]PROCESS_SERVICE_CHECK__RESULT;Test
 Host;Test Service;0;Service output\n" > /usr/local/nagios/var/rw/nagios.cmd

The commands should be typed as one long command, they just wrap over multiple lines in this documentation due to their length. In **Nagios Log Server**, on the Dashboards page use the query:

program:nagios_core

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You should see an event like this screenshot:

Field	Action	Value			
🗹 @timestamp	0.0Ⅲ	2017-10-25T05:43:19.000Z	Q +		
Oversion	0.01	1	Q *		
🗆 _id	0,⊘Ⅲ	AV9SDpUCpIMWNT2xC_Sc	۹ •		
_index	QØIII	logstash-2017.10.25	Q •		
C _type	QØIII	nagios_core	Q +		
epoch_timestamp	0.0Ⅲ	1508910199	Q -		
C facility	QØⅢ	16	Q +		
G facility_label	QØⅢ	local0	Q .		
C highlight	QØ11	[object Object]	Q +		
host	QØ11	10.25.5.2	Q +		
C logsource	0,⊘Ⅲ	xitest	۹.		
🖬 message	00Ⅲ	Warning: Passive check result was received for service 'Test Service' on host 'Test Host', but the host could not be found!	۹ •		
C nagios_host	QØIII	Test Host	۹ -		
nagios_service	QØIII	Test Service	Q +		
nagios_severity_label	QØIII	Warning	۹.		
C priority	0.0Ⅲ	133	Q +		
program	QØⅢ	nagios_core	Q *		
C severity	0.0Ⅲ	5	Q +		
C severity_label	0.0Ⅲ	Notice	Q +		
C timestamp	QØⅢ	Oct 25 16:43:27	Q +		
🖬 type	0.0Ⅲ	nagios_core	Q .		

What is important here is the message, nagios_host and nagios_service fields. The nagios_ service field will not be present for a passive host check result.

If your results are similar, then you are ready to proceed to the next step.

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Enable REST API Access On Nagios XI User

To be able to create objects using the Nagios XI REST API you require an Admin user account that has REST API privileges. In Nagios XI navigate to **Admin > Users > Manage Users**. Edit an existing user or create a new user and enable the Has API access setting.

Account Settings	Security Settings		
Jsemane 🁼	Authorization Level ⑦		
apluser	Admin		
New Password 🜻	() API access ()		
•••••	Core Config Manager access ①		
Email User New Password ⑦ Set to a random secure password	None		
Force password change at next login	API Settings		
General Settings			
Alias (Name) 🗯	7TAVUGoL LookNodbolkingovs2ccFNL24meXYdL	Generate new API key	
API User			
Email Address 🍍			
api@łocalhost.local			
Phone Number			
0			

You will also need the API Key for the following steps, you should copy it into a text file so you can paste it later. Be aware that the key may be longer than the size of the box, double clicking it should highlight the entire key.

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Test API Script

A script will be used to create passive objects on the Nagios XI server. It simplifies how the API is used by the Nagios Log Server Output you will create later. The script is located here, on your **Nagios Log Server** instance (version 2024R1.3.1 or later):

/usr/local/nagioslogserver/scripts/xi_api_create_passive_objects.php

You can create a passive host object in Nagios XI by executing the script with the correct arguments. The command requires you to replace these values:

```
xxx.xxx.xxx = Nagios XI server address (IP or DNS)
your_api_key = The REST API key you obtained earlier
```

On your Nagios Log Server instance execute the following command to create the test host object:

```
./ xi_api_create_passive_objects.php --
url='https://xxx.xxx.xxx/nagiosxi' -- apikey='your_api_key' --type=host
--host='Test Host'
```

If properly executed, you should see the following response in your terminal:

```
{"success":"Successfully added Test Host to the system. Config applied,
Nagios Core was restarted."}
```

Once your script is working you are ready to create an Output in **Nagios Log Server** that will call the script. More information on the script can be found in the <u>API Script Notes</u> section of this document.

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Create Output

The last step is to create an Output in **Nagios Log Server**. This output watches the **Nagios Core** log data for messages about objects that don't exist, such as:

Error: Got host check result for 'centos01', but no such host can be found Error: Got check result for service 'New Service' on host 'centos01'. Unable to find service

When these messages are detected, the xi_api_create_passive_objects script will be executed on the **Nagios Log Server**, and will:

- Create a new passive Host Object on your Nagios XI server if it is a passive Host check result message
- Create a new passive Service Object on Nagios XI server if it is a passive Service check result message
- If the host object for this service does not exist, it will also be created

The purpose of this output is to automate the creation of the passive host and service objects in **Nagios XI.**

About the passive objects created on your Nagios XI server:

- In Nagios XI, when check results are received from a host or service that do not exist, they are added to the "Unconfigured Objects" list (Admin > Monitoring Config > Unconfigured Objects)
- You can turn these unconfigured objects into hosts and services by running the "Unconfigured Passive Object" Configuration Wizard
- The passive objects created by the xi_api_create_passive_objects.php script are identical to how the wizard creates them

Copy the following code block into a text editor, changing the following values to the values used earlier for your XI server:

```
xxx.xxx.xxx = Nagios XI server address (IP or DNS)
your_api_key = The REST API key you obtained earlier
if [program] == "nagios_core" {
    if [message] =~
    /^Error:\sGot\shost\scheckresult\sfor\s\'|^Warning:\s*Passive\scheck\sresult
\swas\sreceived\s
for\shost\s\'/ {
```

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```
exec {
        command =>
"/usr/local/nagioslogserver/scripts/box293_xi_api_create_passive_object.php
--url='http://xxx.xxx.xxx/nagiosxi/' --apikey='your_api_key' --type=host
--host='%{nagios_host}'"
        }
   }
if [message] =~
/^Error:\sGot\scheck\sresult\sfor\sservice\s\'|^Warning:\s*Passive\scheck\sr
esult\swas\sreceived\sfo
r\sservice\s\'/ {
   exec {
        command =>
"/usr/local/nagioslogserver/scripts/box293_xi_api_create_passive_object.php
url='http://xxx.xxx.xxx/nagiosxi/' --apikey='your_api_key' --
type=service --host='%{nagios_host}' --
service='%{nagios_service}'"
        }
   }
}
```

Once you have made those changes, copy the **entire Output** into your clipboard as you will need to paste it into the Output that you create.

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How To Create Nagios XI 2024 Passive Objects For NLS

Navigate to **Configure > Global (All Instances) > Global Config** and click **the Show Outputs** button.

<u>N</u> agios' LS	Home	Dashboards	Alerting	Configure	Help Admin	Search logs	😝 🌢 nagiosadmin 😋 Logout
Configure Apply Configuration Config Snapshots Add Log Source	Glob Manage & through t	al Config ogstash config option he filters when creat	ns that will be ting global filt	added to all insers. View Logsb	stances. Note that all applied ash config language docume	t global filters will happen before the local ntation (2	filters. Keep in mind the flow of the log data
Global (All Instances)	Seve	C* Save & Apply	🕑 Verify	View +			Show Outputs
Global Config	Inputs				+ Add Input +	Filters	+ Add Filter +
* Per Instance (Advanced)							

You can now click + Add Output and select Custom

	Hide Outputs
Outputs	+ Add Output -
outputs	d Custom
There are no outputs created for t	this configuration.

In the new Output that appears you will need to provide a title in the Block Name field.

Dutputs	• /	Add Output
Active	Nagios XI Create Passive Object	
apike mItlVCN {nagios	y='pHDLPb46M7fAIEeDngJX6oqikNOBE25jYH448o9Tuni Fa7IXXCf2Ud'type=servicehost='% _host}'service='%{nagios_service}'"	ksix
)		~

In the text area field paste the Output that you previously copied into your clipboard. Click the **Save** button to create the new Output.

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At this point you should click the **Verify** button to ensure the Output you just created is valid. Once the verification is successful you need to apply the configuration. In the left pane under **Configure** click **Apply Configuration**. Click the **Apply** button and then click **Yes**, **Apply Now** when prompted.

Test

Now that you have completed creating the Output all that remains is to perform a test to ensure everything is working OK. Earlier in this document under the <u>Confirm Logs Are Received</u> section you executed a command, execute a similar command again on your **Nagios XI** server to submit a passive check result, for example:

```
now_epoch=$(eval date +%s); printf "[$now_epoch] PROCESS_SERVICE_CHECK_ RESULT;Another
Host;Test Service;0;Service output\n" > /usr/local/nagios/var/rw/nagios.cmd
```

Once your **Nagios Log Server** instance receives the log it will execute the Output command and create the new passive object in **Nagios XI**, you can see an example in the following screenshot:

👃 Host		\$ Service		🄱 Status	Duration	Attempt	🌡 Last Check	\$ Status Information
Another Host	1100	Test Service	31	Pending	N/A	1/1	N/A	No check results for service yet

Congratulations, you have now implemented automated passive object creation in Nagios XI using Nagios Log Server.

API Script Notes

You might be wondering why the API script is required. Surely the Output could talk to the API directly. The following explains why the script is used:

- Verifies the script can successfully communicate with the API before creating new objects
- Checks to see if an object exists before creating the new object
- For passive service objects, the script checks to see if the host object exists. If it does not exist, the script will create a passive host object before the service object

The script will initiate an **Apply Configuration** to be performed on your Nagios XI server when it creates the passive objects, this ensures they are part of the running configuration. The script has an "--apply" argument that allows you to disable this functionality, the syntax is:

--apply='false'

If you add that to the commands in your **Output**, the objects will still be added to Nagios XI however an **Apply Configuration** will not be performed. You will need to manually go into the **Nagios XI Core**

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Configuration Manager and perform an **Apply Configuration** for these new objects to be part of the running configuration.

Finishing Up

This completes the documentation on how to create Nagios XI Passive Objects for NLS. If you have additional questions or other support-related questions, please visit us at our Nagios Support Forum, Nagios Knowledge Base, or Nagios Library:

Visit Nagios Support Forum

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Visit Nagios Library

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